#### LC-016-LINDRIDE 29

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Issue Date 15-July-2005

Revision Date 02-November-2020

Version 5

# **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

<u>Product Identifier</u> Product Name	LINDRIDE 29 (All Types)
Other Means of Identification SDS #	LC-016
Recommended Use of the Chemical Recommended Use	and Restrictions on Use Curing agent
Details of the Supplier of the Safety Supplier Address Lindau Chemicals, Inc. 731 Rosewood Drive Columbia, SC 29201	<u>Data Sheet</u>
Emergency Telephone Number Company Phone Number	Phone: 1-803-799-6863 Fax: 1-803-256-3639

**Emergency Telephone** 

Phone: 1-803-799-6863 Fax: 1-803-256-3639 INFOTRAC 01-352-323-3500 (International) 1-800-457-4280 (North America)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:** The information below relates to repeated and prolonged exposure, particularly where exposure is to the vapor form of the substance. The supplier has indicated that eye exposure normally results in eye irritation.

### **Classification**

Acute Toxicity: Oral	Category 4
Acute Toxicity: Inhalation	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Respiratory Sensitization	Category 1
Skin Sensitization	Category 1

#### <u>Signal Word</u> Danger

## Hazard Statements

H302: Harmful if swallowed

H331: Toxic if inhaled

H315: Causes skin irritation

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H318: Causes serious eye damage

H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

LC-016-LINDRIDE 29



Appearance Amber liquid

Physical State Liquid

Odor Mild organic

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

P260: Do not breathe fumes or vapors.

P264: Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

P284: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

### Precautionary Statements - Response

P305 + P351: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. P338: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P333 + P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P342 + P311: If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P301 + P312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P330: Rinse mouth.

P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

### Precautionary Statements - Storage

P403 + P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405: Store locked up.

### Precautionary Statements - Disposal

P501: Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Methyl-5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic anhydride	25134-21-8	> 70
5-Norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic anhydride	826-62-0	< 25
Proprietary		< 5

Lindride 29 products contain a maximum of 5% of a proprietary, non-classified catalyst.

\*\* If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.\*\*

First Aid Measures         Eye Contact       Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Immediately call a Poison Control Center or doctor/physician.         Skin Contact       Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water until no traces of the chemical remain. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.         Inhalation       Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration by trained personnel. Get medical attention immediately. Do NOT induce vomiting is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention immediately. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink two to four full cups of mik or water. DO NOT attempt to neutralize with chemical agents.         Most Important Symptoms and Effects. both Acute and Delaved       Symptoms         Symptoms       Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.         Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed       Nate to Physician         Note to Physician       Treat symptomatically.         Extinguishing Media       Soam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand         Unsuitable Media       Not determined         Suitable Media       Not determined         Soperific Hazards Arising from the Chemical       Alehydes, organi	4. FIRST AID MEASURES		
continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Immediately call a Poison Control Center or doctor/physician.         Skin Contact       Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash thoroughly with scap and water until no traces of the chemical remain. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.         Inhalation       Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration by trained personnel. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention immediately. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink two to four full cups of milk or water. DO NOT attempt to neutralize with chemical agents.         Most Important Symptoms and Effects. both Acute and Delayed         Symptoms       Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.         Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed         Note to Physician       Treat symptomatically.         Extinguishing Media       Foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand Unsuitable Media         Suitable Media       Not determined         Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters A idehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters A in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam	First Aid Measures		
and water until no traces of the chemical remain. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.         Inhalation       Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration by trained personnel. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention immediately.         Ingestion       Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and allert, rinse mouth and drink two to four full cups of milk or water. DO NOT attempt to neutralize with chemical agents.         Most Important Symptoms and Effects. both Acute and Delaved       Symptoms         Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause reprivatory irritation.         Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed         Note to Physician       Treat symptomatically.         Extinguishing Media       Soam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand         Unsuitable Media       Not determined         Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, leadon dioxide         Protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water form a distance.         6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	Eye Contact	continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	
breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention immediately. Ingestion Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately. Do NOT induce vorniting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink two to four full cups of milk or water. DO NOT attempt to neutralize with chemical agents. Most Important Symptoms and Effects. both Acute and Delayed Symptoms Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed Note to Physician Treat symptomatically. <u>5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES</u> Extinguishing Media Suitable Media Not determined Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical Combustible material. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Hazardous Combustion Products Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide Frotective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Accidential carbon divide free acid. File acids free acid. Combustion Products Contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Combusting material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Combusting the acids with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Combusting material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Combusting free acids material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Combusting free acids with water from a distance. Combusting the acids with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance. Combusting apparatus pr	Skin Contact	and water until no traces of the chemical remain. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical	
NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink two to four full cups of milk or water. DO NOT attempt to neutralize with chemical agents.         Most Important Symptoms and Effects. both Acute and Delaved         Symptoms       Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.         Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed         Note to Physician       Treat symptomatically.         Extinguishing Media       Suitable Media         Suitable Media       Foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand         Unsuitable Media       Not determined         Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon dioxide, carbon dioxide         As in any fire, wear self-contained breatheriting paparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.         Extinguishing equivalential reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.	Inhalation		
Symptoms       Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.         Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed         Note to Physician       Treat symptomatically.         Extinguishing Media       S. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES         Extinguishing Media       Foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand Unsuitable Media         Not determined       Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical Combustible material. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid.         Hazardous Combustion Products       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.         6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	Ingestion	NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink two to four full cups of	
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.         Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed         Note to Physician       Treat symptomatically. <b>5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES</b> Extinguishing Media       Foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand         Unsuitable Media       Not determined         Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical       Combustible material. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid.         Hazardous Combustion Products       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters       As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance. <b>6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES</b>	Most Important Symptoms an	nd Effects. both Acute and Delayed	
Note to Physician       Treat symptomatically.         Suitable Media       5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES         Extinguishing Media       Foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand         Unsuitable Media       Not determined         Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical       Combustible material. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid.         Hazardous Combustion Products       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters       As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.         (b. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES)	Symptoms	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause	
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES         Extinguishing Media         Suitable Media       Foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand         Unsuitable Media       Not determined         Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical         Combustible material. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid.         Hazardous Combustion Products       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters       As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.         (6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES)	Indication of any Immediate	Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed	
Extinguishing Media         Suitable Media       Foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand         Unsuitable Media       Not determined         Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical         Combustible material. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid.         Hazardous Combustion Products       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters         As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.         6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	Note to Physician	Treat symptomatically.	
Extinguishing Media         Suitable Media       Foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand         Unsuitable Media       Not determined         Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical         Combustible material. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid.         Hazardous Combustion Products       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters         As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.         6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES	
Suitable Media       Foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand         Unsuitable Media       Not determined         Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical       Combustible material. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid.         Hazardous Combustion Products       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters         As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.         6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	Extinguishing Media		
Unsuitable Media       Not determined         Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical         Combustible material. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid.         Hazardous Combustion Products       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters         As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.         6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		Form cortain disvide (CO) dry pourder dry cond	
Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical         Combustible material. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid.         Hazardous Combustion Products       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters         As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.         6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		Foarn, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry powder, dry sand	
Combustible material. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid.         Hazardous Combustion Products       Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide         Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters         As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.         6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	Unsuitable Media	Not determined	
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters         As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance.         6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES			
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Material reacts with water or steam to produce heat and free acid. Flood fire area with water from a distance. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	Hazardous Combustion F	Products Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide	
	As in any fire, wear self-contain	ed breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full	
Personal Precautions Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures		6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	
	Personal Procentions Protoc	tive Equipment and Emergency Procedures	

Personal Precautions	Use personal protective equipment as required. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep personnel upwind from leak. Avoid inhalation of vapors and contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental Precautions	Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information, and see Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Methods for Containment	Cover spill with dry ground vermiculite, mix and transfer to a properly marked container. Close container tightly and retain or submit for disposal. For large spills, dike well ahead of liquid. Transfer recovered liquid and solid diking material to separate containers (if practical) for recovery or disposal.
Methods for Cleaning Up	Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and keep material in suitable, sealed containers for disposal. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Flush area with water and soda ash. Rinse area with clean water and allow to dry before permitting traffic.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for Safe Handling

Advice on Safe Handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Discard shoes that become saturated with product.

### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Keep container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Recommended storage temperature is between 15°C (59°F) and 30°C (86°F). Thaw frozen material below 40°C (104°F) and mix well before using. Store away from incompatible materials. Protect from moisture.
Packaging Materials	Reuse of empty drums or containers is not recommended. Dispose of all empty containers properly, in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.
Incompatible Materials	Strong acids, strong bases, oxidizing agents, water

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Exposure Guidelines

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region-specific regulatory bodies.

Control Parameters	
Engineering Controls	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Individual Protection Measures, su	ch as Personal Protective Equipment
Eye/Face Protection	Wear approved chemical safety goggles. Use full-face shield when splashing is possible.
Skin and Body Protection	Wear chemical resistant, impermeable gloves. Use chemical resistant apron or other impermeable clothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing, which could result in prolonged or repeated skin contact. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product. Do not reuse them. Keep PPE separate from other laundry and wash separately.
Respiratory Protection	No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use with adequate ventilation. In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection.
General Hygiene	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Appearance Color	Liquid Amber liquid Amber	Odor Odor Threshold	Mild organic Not determined
<u>Property</u> pH Melting Point/Freezing Point Boiling Point/Boiling Range Flash Point	<u>Values</u> Not determined < 18 °C (64 °F) 120 °C (248 °F) 150 °C (302 °F)	Remarks/Method Hydrolyzes to diacid (2 mm Hg) COC	
Evaporation Rate Flammability (Solid, Gas) Upper Flammability Limits Lower Flammability Limit	Not determined Liquid-not determined Not determined Not determined	@ 20 %C (96 %E) (actimate	-d)
Vapor Pressure Relative Vapor Density Specific Gravity Water Solubility Solubility in Other Solvents	1.5 mm Hg 6.1 g / L 1.20 – 1.25 Negligible Not determined	@ 30 °C (86 °F) (estimate @ 20 °C (68 °F) (air = 1) @ 25 °C (77 °F) (water = 7 Hydrolyzes to diacid	
Partition Coefficient Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Kinematic Viscosity	2.28 – 2.62 Not determined Not determined 145 – 210 cSt	@ 25 °C (77 °F)	
Dynamic Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties Bulk Density Refractive Index	175 – 250 cP Not determined Not determined 9.98 – 10.04 lb / gal 1.500 – 1.506	@ 25 °C (77 °F) @ 25 °C (77 °F)	

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### **Reactivity**

Not reactive under normal conditions

## **Chemical Stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions

#### **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

Reacts with water or steam to produce free acid and heat

Hazardous Polymerization Polymerizes @ 200°C or higher

## **Conditions to Avoid**

Avoid high temperatures and exposure to water and other incompatible materials.

### Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, oxidizing agents, water

## Hazardous Decomposition Products

Aldehydes, organic acids, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

#### **Product Information**

Inhalation	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
Eye Contact	Causes serious eye damage
Ingestion	May cause nausea or irritation to the gastrointestinal tract
Skin Contact	Causes skin irritation and may cause an allergic skin reaction or sensitization

#### **Component Information**

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Lindride 29	1684 mg/kg (Rat) (estimated)	> 2590 mg/kg (Rabbit) (estimated)	0.97 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h (dusts/mists) (estimated)
Methyl-5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic anhydride 25134-21-8	1300 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	0.75 mg/L (Rat)4 h (dusts/mists)

### Information on Physical. Chemical and Toxicological Effects

Symptoms

Please see Section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

#### Delayed and Immediate Effects as well as Chronic Effects from Short-term and Long-term Exposure

Sensitization	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARC. ACGIH or NTP.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Ecotoxicity**

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

### Persistence and Degradability

Not expected to be inherently biodegradable. Will react with water to produce free acid and heat.

### **Bioaccumulation**

Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant due to the low water solubility of this product (partition coefficient is 2.28 to 2.62). Main hydrolysis product (Methyl-5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid) does not significantly bioaccumulate (Bioconcentration Factor is less than 5.5).

Mobility Not determined

## Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste Treatment Methods

**Disposal of Wastes** Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Shipping Name by Regulatory Entity

Toxic liquid, organic, n. o. s. (Methyl-5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic anhydride)

Toxic liquid, organic, n. o. s. (Methyl-5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic anhydride)

ΙΑΤΑ

DOT

IMDG

Toxic liquid, organic, n. o. s. (Methyl-5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic anhydride)

Regulatory Information	UN Number	Classes	Packing Group	Label
DOT Classification	UN-2810	6 (1)	III	POISON
IMDG Classification	UN-2810	6 (1)	III	POISON
IATA Classification	UN-2810	6 (1)	III	POISON 6

## <u>Note</u>

Please see current shipping paper for most up-to-date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances.

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### International Inventories

Components Listed TSCA, DSL/NDSL, EINECS/ELINCS, ENCS, IECSC, KECI, PICCS, TCSI, AICS, NZIoC

#### Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

#### **United States Federal Regulations**

CERCLA	This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355).
EPCRA	This product does not contain any chemicals with known CAS numbers that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372).
SARA 302	No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.
CWA (Clean Water Act)	This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

#### **United States State Regulations**

**California Proposition 65** 

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

### United States State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
Methyl-5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic anhydride 25134-21-8	X	Х
5-Norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic anhydride 826-62-0	X	Х

16. OTHER INFORMATION						
<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability	Special Hazards		
	Not determined	Not determined	Not determined	Not determined		
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	<b>Physical Hazards</b>	Personal Protection		
	2	1	0	Not determined		
Issue Date Revision Date Revision Note GHS Version	15-July-2005 02-November-2020 Classification update 5					

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

#### **End of Safety Data Sheet**